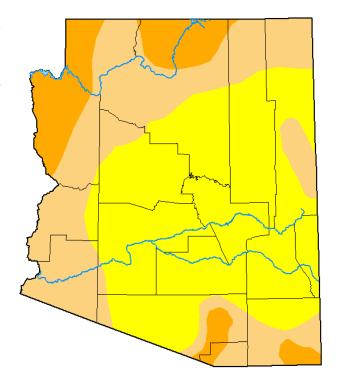
ARIZONA SHORT-TERM DROUGHT STATUS REPORT

OCTOBER 2022

Much Arizona received above-average precipitation for October (average statewide precipitation for October is 0.87 inches). Mohave, Yuma, western Pima, and western Coconino counties received below-average precipitation. While western counties experienced largely aboveaverage October temperatures, temperatures throughout southeastern counties were well below -average.

Central Arizona advanced to Abnormally Dry (D0) conditions, which is technically not drought, and which now covers most the state (53%). Northern Apache, northern Navajo, western La Paz, and southwestern Coconino counties improved from Severe (D2) to Moderate (D1) drought; with Moderate (D1) drought continuing in Yuma, La Paz, and central Coconino counties (34%). Western Mohave, northern Coconino, southeastern Cochise, western Santa Cruz, and eastern Pima remained in Severe (D2) drought (13%). The state did not observe any Extreme (D3) or Exceptional (D4) drought in October.

U.S. Drought Monitor Arizona



November 1, 2022

(Released Thursday, Nov. 3, 2022) Valid 8 a.m. EDT

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	0.00	100.00	46.83	12.78	0.00	0.00
Last Week 10-25-2022	0.00	100.00	46.83	12.78	0.00	0.00
3 Month s Ago 08-02-2022	0.00	100.00	90.06	59.65	14.41	1.32
Start of Calendar Year 01-04-2022	0.00	100.00	55.74	26.15	5.08	0.00
Start of Water Year 09-27-2022	0.00	100.00	56.72	18.47	0.00	0.00
One Year Ago 11-02-2021	0.00	100.00	76.78	34.08	8.89	0.00

Intensity:



D2 Severe Drought D3 Extreme Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx

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droughtmonitor.unl.edu

La Niña conditions will continue into early 2023 with climate models indicating drier than average weather somewhat more likely through the winter.